WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2022 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4649

BY DELEGATE ROHRBACH

[Introduced February 11, 2022; referred to the Committee

on Health and Human Resources]

A BILL to repeal §5-16B-6b, §5-16B-6c, and §5-16B-6e of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
amended; and to amend and reenact §5-16B-1, §5-16B-2, §5-16B-3, §5-16B-4, §5-16B5, §5-16B-6, §5-16B-6a, §5-16B-6d, §5-16B-8, §5-16B-9, and §5-16B-10 of said code, all
relating to the operation of the West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program. *Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

ARTICLE 16B. WEST VIRGINIA CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.

§5-16B-1. Expansion of health care coverage to children; creation continuation of program; legislative directives.

1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to expand access to health services for eligible children 2 and to pay for this coverage by using private, state, and federal funds to purchase those services 3 or purchase insurance coverage for those services. To achieve this intention, the West Virginia 4 Children's Health Insurance Program is heretofore created The program shall be continued and 5 administered by the Children's Health Insurance Agency within the Department of Administration 6 Health and Human Resources, in accordance with the provisions of this article and the applicable 7 provisions of Title XXI of the Social Security Act of 1997: Provided. That on and after July 1, 2015 8 2022, the agencies, boards and programs including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated, or related 9 entities and funds associated with the Children's Health Insurance Program and Children's Health 10 Insurance Agency, shall be incorporated in and administered as a part of the Bureau for Medical Services, a division within the Department of Health and Human Resources. Participation in the 11 12 program may be made available to families of eligible children, subject to eligibility criteria and 13 processes to be established, which does not create an entitlement to coverage in any person. 14 Nothing in this article requires any appropriation of State General Revenue Funds for the payment 15 of any benefit provided in this article. In the event that If this article conflicts with the requirements 16 of federal law, federal law governs,

(b) In developing a Children's Health Insurance Program that operates with the highest
degree of simplicity and governmental efficiency, the board <u>director</u> shall avoid duplicating

functions available in existing agencies and may enter into interagency agreements for the
 performance of specific tasks or duties at a specific or maximum contract price.

(c) In developing benefit plans, the board <u>director</u> may consider any cost savings,
administrative efficiency, or other benefit to be gained by considering existing contracts for
services with state health plans and negotiating modifications of those contracts to meet the
needs of the program.

25 (d) For the transfer of the functions of the Children's Health Insurance Program and the 26 Children's Health Insurance Agency from the Department of Administration to the Department of 27 Health and Human Resources, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources 28 and the Secretary of the Department of Administration, acting jointly, are empowered to authorize 29 and shall authorize the transfers of program and agency funds including, but not limited to, the 30 West Virginia Children's Health Fund created in section seven of this article and associated 31 investment accounts; and transfers of Children's Health Insurance Program and Children's Health 32 Insurance Agency personnel and equipment, as are necessary, to facilitate an orderly transfer of 33 the functions of the Children's Health Insurance Program and the Children's Health Insurance 34 Agency

35 (e) (d) In order to enroll as many eligible children as possible in the program created by 36 this article and to expedite the effective date of their health insurance coverage, the board director 37 shall develop and implement a plan whereby applications for enrollment may be taken at any 38 primary care center or other health care provider, as determined by the director, and transmitted 39 electronically to the program's offices for eligibility screening and other necessary processing. 40 The board director may use any funds available to it the agency in the development and 41 implementation of the plan, including grant funds or other private or public moneys.

§5-16B-2. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

- 2 (a) "Agency" means the Children's Health Insurance Agency, a division within the Bureau
- 3 for Medical Services.
- 4 (b) "Board" means the Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Board.
- 5 <u>"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Medical Services appointed</u>
- 6 by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources.

(c) "Director" means the Director of the Children's Health Insurance Agency deputy
 commissioner within the Bureau for Medical Services who has responsibility for the operation and
 oversight of the Children's Health Insurance Agency.

10 (d) "Essential community health service provider" means a health care provider that:

(1) Has historically served medically needy or medically indigent patients and
demonstrates a commitment to serve low-income and medically indigent populations which
constitute a significant portion of its patient population or, in the case of a sole community provider,
serves medically indigent patients within its medical capability; and

(2) Either waives service fees or charges fees based on a sliding scale and does not
restrict access or services because of a client's financial limitations. Essential community health
service provider includes, but is not limited to, community mental health centers, school health
clinics, primary care centers, pediatric health clinics or rural health clinics.

19 (e) "Program" means the West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program.

§5-16B-3. Reporting requirements.

1 (a) Annually on January 1, the director shall report to the Governor and the Legislature 2 regarding the number of children enrolled in the program; or programs the average annual cost 3 per child per program; the estimated number of remaining uninsured children; and the outreach 4 activities for the previous year. The report shall include any information that can be obtained 5 regarding the prior insurance and health status of the children enrolled in programs created 6 pursuant to this article. The report shall include information regarding the cost, quality, and 7 effectiveness of the health care delivered to enrollees of this program; satisfaction surveys; and

8 health status improvement indicators. The agency, in conjunction with other state health and
9 insurance agencies, shall develop indicators designed to measure the quality and effectiveness
10 of children's health programs, which information shall be included in the annual report.

11 (b) On a quarterly basis, the director shall provide reports to the Legislative Oversight 12 Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability on the number of children served, 13 including the number of newly enrolled children for the reporting period and current projections 14 for future enrollees; outreach efforts and programs; statistical profiles of the families served and 15 health status indicators of covered children; the average annual cost of coverage per child; the 16 total cost of children served by provider type, service type, and contract type; outcome measures 17 for children served; reductions in uncompensated care; performance with respect to the financial 18 plan; and any other information as the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human 19 Resources Accountability may require.

§5-16B-4. Children's health policy <u>advisory</u> board created; qualifications and removal of members; powers; duties; meetings; and compensation.

1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia children's health insurance advisory board, 2 which shall consist of the director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency, the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources, or his or her designee, and six citizen members 3 4 appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall represent children's interests and one of whom 5 shall be a certified public accountant, to assume the duties of the office immediately upon 6 appointment, pending the advice and consent of the Senate. A member of the Senate, as 7 appointed by the Senate President and a member of the House of Delegates, as appointed by 8 the Speaker of the House of Delegates, shall serve as nonvoting ex officio members. Of the five 9 citizen members first appointed, one shall serve one year, two shall serve two years and two shall 10 serve three years All subsequent appointments shall be for terms of three years, except that an 11 appointment to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term only: *Provided*. That the citizen 12 member to be members appointed upon the reenactment of this section during the regular session

13 of the Legislature, two thousand prior to July 1, 2022, shall serve a term which corresponds to the 14 term of the member initially appointed to serve one year for the remainder of his or her term of 15 appointment and be deemed a member of the advisory board. Three of the citizen members shall 16 have at least a bachelor's degree and experience in the administration or design of public or 17 private employee or group benefit programs and the children's representative shall have 18 experience that demonstrates knowledge in the health, educational, and social needs of children. 19 No more than three citizen members may be members of the same political party and no board 20 member shall may represent or have a pecuniary interest in an entity reasonably expected to 21 compete for contracts under this article. Members of the board shall assume the duties of the 22 office immediately upon appointment. The director of the agency shall serve as the chairperson 23 of the board. No member may be removed from office by the Governor except for official 24 misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, neglect of fiduciary duty or other specific responsibility 25 imposed by this article or gross immorality Vacancies in the board shall be filled in the same 26 manner as the original appointment.

(b) The purpose of the <u>advisory</u> board is to develop plans for health services or health insurance that are specific to the needs of children and to bring fiscal stability to this program through development of an annual financial plan designed in accordance with the provisions of <u>present recommendations and alternatives for the design of the annual plans and to advise the</u> director with respect to other actions necessary to be undertaken in furtherance of this article.

32 (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, any insurance
 33 benefits offered as a part of the programs designed by the board are exempt from the minimum
 34 benefits and coverage requirements of articles fifteen and sixteen, chapter thirty-three of this
 35 code.

36 (d) The board may consider adopting the maximum period of continuous eligibility
 37 permitted by applicable federal law, regardless of changes in a family's economic status, so long
 38 as other group insurance does not become available to a covered child

- 39 (e) (c) The board shall meet at the time and place as specified by the call of the chairperson
 40 or upon the written request to the chairperson by at least two members. Notice of each meeting
 41 shall be given in writing to each member by the chairperson at least three days in advance of the
 42 meeting. Four voting members shall constitute a quorum by the call of the director.
- (f) (d) For each day or portion of a day spent in the discharge of duties pursuant to this article, the board shall pay each of its citizen members the same compensation and expense reimbursement as is paid to members of the Legislature for their interim duties Each member of the advisory board shall receive reimbursement for reasonable and necessary travel expenses for each day actually served in attendance at meetings of the board in accordance with the state's travel rules. Requisitions for the expenses shall be accompanied by an itemized statement, which shall be filed with the auditor and preserved as a public record.

§5-16B-5. Director of the Children's Health Insurance Program; qualifications; powers and duties.

(a) An agency director shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent
of the Senate, and <u>The commissioner shall appoint an individual in the classified service as a</u>
<u>deputy commissioner to serve as the director who</u> shall be responsible for the implementation,
administration, and management of the Children's Health Insurance Program created under this
article. The director shall have at least a bachelor's degree and a minimum of three years'
experience in health insurance administration.

7 (b) The director shall employ any administrative, technical, and clerical employees that 8 are required for the proper administration of the program and for the work of the board. He or she 9 shall present recommendations and alternatives for the design of the annual plans and other 10 actions undertaken by the board in furtherance of this article

(c) The director is responsible for the administration and management of the program and
 has the power and authority to may make all rules necessary to effectuate the provisions of this

article. Nothing in this article may be construed as limiting the director's otherwise lawful authority
to manage the program on a day-to-day basis.

15 (d) The director has exclusive authority to may execute any contracts that are necessary 16 to effectuate the provisions of this article. Provided, That the board shall approve all contracts for 17 the provision of services or insurance coverage under the program The provisions of §5A-3-1 et 18 seq. of this code, relating to the division of purchasing of the department of finance and 19 administration, shall may not apply to any contracts for any health insurance coverage, health 20 services, or professional services authorized to be executed under the provisions of this article: 21 Provided, however, That before entering into any contract, the director shall invite competitive 22 bids from all gualified entities and shall deal directly with those entities in presenting specifications 23 and receiving quotations for bid purposes. The director shall award those contracts on a 24 competitive basis taking into account the experience of the offering agency, corporation, 25 insurance company, or service organization. Before any proposal to provide benefits or coverage 26 under the plan is selected, the offering agency, corporation, insurance company, or service 27 organization shall provide assurances of utilization of essential community health service 28 providers to the greatest extent practicable. In evaluating these factors, the director may employ 29 the services of independent, professional consultants. The director shall then award the contracts 30 on a competitive basis.

(e) The director shall issue requests for proposals on a regional or statewide basis from
essential community health service providers for defined portions of services under the children's
health insurance plan and shall, to the greatest extent practicable, either contract directly with, or
require participating providers to contract with, essential community health service providers to
provide the services under the plan.

(f) Subject to the advice and consent of the board, the <u>The</u> director may require
reinsurance of primary contracts, as contemplated in the provisions of §33-4-15 and §33-4-15a
of this code.

§5-16B-6. Financial plans requirements.

(a) *Benefit plan design.* -- All financial plans required by this section shall establish: (1) the
design of a benefit plan or plans; (2) the maximum levels of reimbursement to categories of health
care providers; (3) any cost containment measures for implementation during the applicable fiscal
year; and (4) the types and levels of cost to families of covered children. To the extent compatible
with simplicity of administration, fiscal stability, and other goals of the program established in this
article, the financial plans may provide for different levels of costs based on ability to pay.

7 (b) Actuary requirements. -- Any financial plan, or modifications, approved or proposed 8 by the board shall be submitted to and reviewed by an actuary before final approval. The financial 9 plan shall be submitted to the Governor and the Legislature with the actuary's written professional 10 opinion that all estimated program and administrative costs of the agency under the plan, 11 including incurred but unreported claims, will not exceed ninety percent of the funding available 12 to the program for the fiscal year for which the plan is proposed and that the financial plan allows 13 for no more than thirty days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. This actuarial requirement is in addition to any requirement imposed by Title XXI of the Social Security 14 15 Act of 1997

16 (c) (b) Annual plans. -- The board director shall review implementation of it's the current 17 financial plan in light of actual experience and shall prepare an annual financial plan for each 18 ensuing fiscal year during which the board remains in existence. For each fiscal year, the 19 Governor shall provide an estimate of requested appropriations and total funding available to the 20 board no later than October 15, preceding the fiscal year. The board director shall afford interested 21 and affected persons an opportunity to offer comment on the plan at a public meeting of the board 22 and, in developing any proposed plan under this article, shall solicit comments in writing from 23 interested and affected persons. The board agency shall submit its final, approved financial plan, 24 subject to the actuarial requirements of this article, to the Governor and to the Legislature no later 25 than January September 1, preceding the fiscal year. The financial plan for a fiscal year becomes

effective and shall be implemented by the director on July 1, of that fiscal year. Annual plans
 developed pursuant to this subsection are subject to the provisions of subsections subsection (a)
 and (b) of this section and the following guidelines:

(1) The aggregate actuarial value of the plan established as the benchmark plan should
be considered as a targeted maximum or limitation in developing the benefits package;

(2) All estimated program and administrative costs, including incurred but not reported
 claims, shall may not exceed 90 percent of the funding available to the program for the applicable
 fiscal year; and

(3) The state's interest in achieving health care services for all its children at less than 200
 percent of the federal poverty guideline shall take precedence over enhancing the benefits
 available under this program.

37 (d)(c) The provisions of §29A-1-1 *et seq*. of this code do not apply to the preparation,
 38 approval and implementation of the financial plans required by this section.

39 (e)(d) The board director shall meet no less than once each guarter to review 40 implementation of its the current financial plan each guarter and, using actuarial data, shall make 41 those modifications to the plan that are necessary to ensure its fiscal stability and effectiveness of service. The board director may not increase the types and levels of cost to families of covered 42 43 children during its the guarterly review except in the event of a true emergency. The board agency 44 may not expand the population of children to whom the program is made available except in its 45 annual plan: *Provided*, That upon the effective date of this article, the board director may expand 46 coverage to any child eligible under the provisions of Title XXI of the Social Security Act of 1997: 47 Provided, however, That the board agency shall implement cost-sharing provisions for children 48 who may qualify for such the expanded coverage and whose family income exceeds 150 percent 49 of the federal poverty guideline. Such The cost-sharing provisions may be imposed through any 50 one or a combination of the following: enrollment fees, premiums, copayments, and deductibles.

51 (f)(e) The board agency may develop and implement programs that provide for family 52 coverage and/or employer subsidies, or both, within the limits authorized by the provisions of Title 53 XXI of the Social Security Act of 1997 or the federal regulations promulgated thereunder: 54 Provided, That any family health insurance coverage offered by or through the program shall be 55 structured so that the board agency assumes no financial risk. Provided, however, That families 56 covered by any insurance offered by or through the program shall be subject to cost sharing 57 provisions which may include, without limitation, enrollment fees, premiums, copayments and/or 58 deductibles, as determined by the board, which shall be based on ability to pay: Provided further, 59 That enrollment fees or premiums, if imposed, may be paid, in whole or in part, through employer 60 subsidies or other private funds or public funds, subject to availability, all as allowed by applicable 61 state and federal law

62 (g) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the Governor's 63 estimate of general and special revenues available to the agency, the board shall, within thirty 64 days after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure 65 that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met

§5-16B-6a. Exemption from certain benefit and coverage requirements; required coverage for patient cost of clinical trials and autism spectrum disorder treatment.

(a) The provisions of this section and section six-b of this article apply to the health plans
 regulated by this article.

- 3 (b) This section does not apply to a policy, plan or contract paid for under Title XVIII of the
 4 Social Security Act.
- 5 (c) A policy, plan or contract subject to this section shall provide coverage for patient cost
 6 to a member in a clinical trial, as a result of:
- 7 (1) Treatment provided for a life-threatening condition; or
- 8 (2) Prevention of, early detection of or treatment studies on cancer.
- 9 (d) The coverage under subsection (c) of this section is required if:

- 10 (1)(A) The treatment is being provided or the studies are being conducted in a Phase II,
- 11 Phase III or Phase IV clinical trial for cancer and has therapeutic intent; or
- 12 (B) The treatment is being provided in a Phase II, Phase III or Phase IV clinical trial for
- 13 any other life-threatening condition and has therapeutic intent;
- 14 (2) The treatment is being provided in a clinical trial approved by:
- 15 (A) One of the national institutes of health;
- 16 (B) An NIH cooperative group or an NIH center;
- 17 (C) The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application or investigational device
- 18 exemption;
- 19 (D) The federal department of Veterans Affairs; or

20 (E) An institutional review board of an institution in the state which has a multiple project

- 21 assurance contract approved by the office of protection from research risks of the national
- 22 institutes of health;
- 23 (3) The facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of
 24 their experience, training and volume of patients treated to maintain expertise;
- 25 (4) There is no clearly superior, noninvestigational treatment alternative;
- 26 (5) The available clinical or preclinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the
- 27 treatment will be more effective than the noninvestigational treatment alternative;
- (6) The treatment is provided in this state: *Provided*, That, if the treatment is provided
 outside of this state, the treatment must be approved by the payor designated in subsection (a)
- 30 of this section;
- 31 (7) Reimbursement for treatment is subject to all coinsurance, copayment and deductibles
 32 and is otherwise subject to all restrictions and obligations of the health plan; and
- 33 (8) Reimbursement for treatment by an out of network or noncontracting provider shall be
 34 reimbursed at a rate which is no greater than that provided by an in network or contracting

35 provider. Coverage shall not be required if the out of network or noncontracting provider will not

36 accept this level of reimbursement.

- 37 (e) Payment for patient costs for a clinical trial is not required by the provisions of this
 38 section, if:
- 39 (1) The purpose of the clinical trial is designed to extend the patent of any existing drug,
- 40 to gain approval or coverage of a metabolite of an existing drug, or to gain approval or coverage
- 41 relating to additional clinical indications for an existing drug; or
- 42 (2) The purpose of the clinical trial is designed to keep a generic version of a drug from

43 becoming available on the market; or

44 (3) The purpose of the clinical trial is to gain approval of or coverage for a reformulated or

45 repackaged version of an existing drug.

46 (f) Any provider billing a third-party payor for services or products provided to a patient in
 47 a clinical trial shall provide written notice to the payor that specifically identifies the services as

48 part of a clinical trial.

- 49 (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, coverage is not required
 50 for Phase I of any clinical trial.
- (a) Unless otherwise expressly stated, any medical benefits or services offered by the
 program, including benefits or services administered by a managed care organization on behalf
 of the program, are exempt from any minimum benefits and coverage requirements in §33-1-1 *et* seq. of this code.
- (b) Health insurance provided by the program, including coverage provided through a
 contract with a managed care corporation, shall include coverage of: (i) The patient cost of clinical
 trials, to the same extent as such coverage is mandated for the public employees insurance
 program by §5-16-7d and §5-16-7e of this code; and (ii) the diagnosis, evaluation and treatment
 of autism spectrum disorders for individuals ages 18 months to 18 years, to the same extent as

such coverage is mandated for the public employees insurance program by §5-16-7(a)(8) of this code.

§5-16B-6b. Definitions.

1 [Repealed.]

§5-16B-6c. Modified benefit plan for children of families of low income between two hundred and three hundred percent of the poverty level.

1 [Repealed.]

§5-16B-6d. Modified benefit plan implementation.

(a) Upon approval by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the board agency
 shall implement a benefit plan for uninsured children of families with income between 200 and
 300 percent of the federal poverty level.

4 (b) The benefit plans offered pursuant to this section shall include services determined to
5 be appropriate for children but may vary from those currently offered by the board agency.

6 (c) The <u>board agency</u> shall structure the benefit plans for this expansion to include 7 premiums, coinsurance or copays, and deductibles. The <u>board agency</u> shall develop the cost-8 sharing features in such a manner as to keep the program fiscally stable without creating a barrier 9 to enrollment. <u>Such The</u> features may include different cost-sharing features within this group 10 based upon the percentage of the federal poverty level.

All provisions of §5-16B-1 *et seq*. of this code are applicable to this expansion unless
expressly addressed in §5-16B-6d of this code.

(d) Nothing in §5-16B-6d of this code may be construed to require any appropriation of state general revenue funds for the payment of any benefit provided pursuant to this section, except for the state appropriation used to match the federal financial participation funds. In the event that federal funds are no longer authorized for participation by individuals eligible at income levels above 200 percent, the <u>board director</u> shall take immediate steps to terminate the expansion provided for in this section and notify all enrollees of such the termination. In the event

19 If federal appropriations decrease for the programs created pursuant to Title XXI of the Social 20 Security Act of 1997, the board director is directed to shall make those decreases in this 21 expansion program before making changes to the programs created for those children whose 22 family income is less than 200 percent of the federal poverty level. §5-16B-6e. Coverage for treatment of autism spectrum disorders. 1 [Repealed.] §5-16B-8. Termination and reauthorization. 1 (a) The program established in this article abrogates and shall be of no and has no further 2 force and effect, without further action by the Legislature, upon the occurrence of any of the 3 following: 4 (1) (a) The date of entry of a final judgment or order by a court of competent jurisdiction 5 which disallows the program; 6 (2) (b) The effective date of any reduction in annual federal funding levels below the 7 amounts allocated and/or projected, or both, in Title XXI of the Social Security Act of 1997; 8 (3) (c) The effective date of any federal rule or regulation negating the purposes or effect 9 of this article; or 10 (d) For purposes of subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection subsections (b) and (c) 11 of this section, if a later effective date for such reduction or negation is specified, such that date 12 will shall control. 13 (b) Upon termination of the board and notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary, the 14 director may change the levels of costs to covered families only in accordance with rules proposed 15 to the Legislature pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code §5-16B-9. Public-private partnerships. 1 The board and the director are authorized to may work in conjunction with a nonprofit 2 corporation organized pursuant to the corporate laws of the state, structured to permit gualification 3 pursuant to section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of assisting the children's

- 4 health program and funded from sources other than the state or federal government. Members of
- 5 the board may sit on the board of directors of the private nonprofit corporation
 - §5-16B-10. Assignment of rights; right of subrogation by children's health insurance agency to the rights of recipients of medical assistance; rules as to effect of subrogation.
- 1 (a) *Definitions. --* As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 2 <u>"Bureau" means the Bureau for Medical Services.</u>
- 3 <u>"Department" means the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, or</u>
- 4 its contracted designee.
- 5 <u>"Recipient" means a person who applies for and receives assistance under the Children's</u>
- 6 <u>Health Insurance Program.</u>
- 7 <u>"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources.</u>
- 8 <u>"Third-party" means an individual or entity that is alleged to be liable to pay all or part of</u>
- 9 the costs of a recipient's medical treatment and medical-related services for personal injury,
- 10 <u>disease</u>, illness, or disability, as well as any entity including, but not limited to, a business
- 11 organization, health service organization, insurer, or public or private agency acting by or on
- 12 <u>behalf of the allegedly liable third-party.</u>
- 13 (b) Assignment of rights. --

(1) Submission of an application to the children's health insurance agency for medical assistance is, as a matter of law, an assignment of the right of the applicant or <u>his or her</u> legal representative, thereof to recovery recover from personal insurance or other sources, including, but not limited to, liable third parties to the extent of the cost of children's health insurance agency services past medical expenses paid for by the children's health insurance agency program. This assignment of rights does not extend to Medicare benefits. At the time the application is made, the children's health insurance agency shall include a statement along with the application that

explains that the applicant has assigned <u>all of his or her rights as provided in this section</u> and the
 legal implications of making an this assignment as provided in this section.

23 If medical assistance is paid or will be paid to a provider of medical care on behalf of a 24 recipient of medical assistance because of any sickness, injury, disease or disability, and another 25 person is legally liable for the expense, either pursuant to contract, negligence or otherwise, the 26 children's health insurance agency shall have a right to recover full reimbursement from any 27 award or settlement for the medical assistance from the other person, or from the recipient of the 28 assistance if he or she has been reimbursed by the other person. The children's health insurance 29 agency shall be legally assigned the rights of the recipient against the person so liable, but only to the extent of the reasonable value of the medical assistance paid and attributable to the 30 31 sickness, injury, disease or disability for which the recipient has received damages. When an 32 action or claim is brought by a medical assistance recipient or by someone on his or her behalf 33 against a third party who may be liable for the injury, disease, disability or death of a medical 34 assistance recipient, any settlement, judgment or award obtained is subject to the claim of the 35 children's health insurance agency for reimbursement of an amount sufficient to reimburse the 36 children's health insurance agency the full amount of benefits paid on behalf of the recipient under 37 the medical assistance program for the injury, disease, disability or death of the medical 38 assistance recipient. The claim of the children's health insurance agency assigned by the recipient 39 may not exceed the amount of medical expenses for the injury, disease, disability or death of the 40 recipient paid by the children's health insurance agency on behalf of the recipient. The right of 41 subrogation created in this section includes all portions of the cause of action, by either settlement, 42 compromise, judgment or award, notwithstanding any settlement allocation or apportionment that 43 purports to dispose of portions of the cause of action not subject to the subrogation. Any 44 settlement, compromise, judgment or award that excludes or limits the cost of medical services 45 or care does not preclude the children's health insurance agency from enforcing its rights under

46 this section. The children's health insurance agency may compromise, settle and execute a

47 release of any claim, in whole or in part.

(b) (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to This section does not prevent
 the recipient or his or her legal representative of medical assistance from maintaining an action
 for injuries or damages received by them sustained by the recipient against any other person third
 party and from including therein, as part of the compensatory damages sought to be recovered,
 the amount or amounts of his or her medical expenses. even though the person received medical
 assistance in the payment of the medical expenses, in whole or in part
 (3) The department shall be legally subrogated to the rights of the recipient against the

55 <u>third party.</u>

56 (4) The department shall have a priority right to be paid first out of any payments made to
 57 the recipient for past medical expenses before the recipient can recover any of his or her own
 58 costs for medical care.

(5) A recipient is considered to have authorized all third parties to release to the
 department information needed by the department to secure or enforce its rights as assignee
 under this article.

62 If the action be tried by a jury, the jury is not to be informed as to the interest of the 63 children's health insurance agency, if any, and the fact is not to be disclosed to the jury at any 64 time. The trial judge shall, upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, direct that an amount equal 65 to the amount of medical assistance given be withheld and paid over to the children's health 66 insurance agency. Irrespective of whether the case be terminated by judgment or by settlement 67 without trial, from the amount required to be paid to the children's health insurance agency there 68 shall be deducted the attorney fees attributable to the amount in accordance with and in proportion 69 to the fee arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney of record so that the 70 children's health insurance agency shall bear the pro rata portion of the attorney fees. Nothing in 71 this section shall preclude any person who has received medical assistance from settling any

72 cause of action which he or she may have against another person and delivering to the children's 73 health insurance agency, from the proceeds of the settlement, the sums received by him or her 74 from the children's health insurance agency or paid by the children's health insurance agency for 75 his or her medical assistance. If the other person is aware of or has been informed of the interest 76 of the children's health insurance agency in the matter, it shall be the duty of the person to whose 77 benefit the release inures to withhold so much of the settlement as may be necessary to reimburse 78 the children's health insurance agency to the extent of its interest in the settlement. No judgment, 79 award of or settlement in any action or claim by a medical assistance recipient to recover damages 80 for injuries, disease or disability, in which the children's health insurance agency has interest, 81 shall be satisfied without first giving the children's health insurance agency notice and reasonable 82 opportunity to establish its interest. The children's health insurance agency shall have sixty days 83 from receipt of written notice to advise the recipient or his or her representative in writing of the 84 children's health insurance agency's desire to establish its interest through the assignment. If no 85 written intent is received within the sixty-day period, then the recipient may proceed and in the 86 event of full recovery forward to the children's health insurance agency the portion of the recovery 87 proceeds less the children's health insurance agency's share of attorney's fees and costs 88 expended in the matter. In the event of less than full recovery the recipient and the children's 89 health insurance agency shall agree as to the amount to be paid to the children's health insurance 90 agency for its claim. If there is no recovery, the children's health insurance agency shall under no 91 circumstances be liable for any costs or attorney's fees expended in the matter. If, after being 92 notified in writing of a subrogation claim and possible liability of the recipient, guardian, attorney 93 or personal representative for failure to subrogate the children's health insurance agency, a 94 recipient, his or her guardian, attorney or personal representative disposes of the funds 95 representing the judgment, settlement or award, without the written approval of the children's 96 health insurance agency, that person shall be liable to the children's health insurance agency for 97 any amount that, as a result of the disposition of the funds, is not recoverable by the children's

- 98 health insurance agency. In the event that a controversy arises concerning the subrogation claims
- 99 by the children's health insurance agency, an attorney shall interplead, pursuant to rule twenty-

100 two of the rules of civil procedure, the portion of the recipient's settlement that will satisfy the

- 101 children's health insurance agency exclusive of attorney's fees and costs regardless of any
- 102 contractual arrangement between the client and the attorney.
- 103 (c) Nothing contained herein shall authorize the children's health insurance agency to
 104 institute a class action or multiple plaintiff action against any manufacturer, distributor or vendor
 105 of any product to recover children's health insurance agency care expenditures paid for by the
 106 children's health insurance agency program
- 107 (c) Notice requirement for claims and civil actions. --
- 108 (1) A recipient's legal representative shall provide notice to the department within 60 days 109 of asserting a claim against a third party. If the claim is asserted in a formal civil action, the 110 recipient's legal representative shall notify the department within 60 days of service of the 111 complaint and summons upon the third party by causing a copy of the summons and a copy of 112 the complaint to be served on the department as though it were named a party defendant.
- 113 (2) If the recipient has no legal representative and the third party knows or reasonably 114 should know that a recipient has no representation then the third party shall provide notice to the 115 department within 60 days of receipt of a claim or within 30 days of receipt of information or 116 documentation reflecting the recipient is receiving children's health insurance program benefits, 117 whichever is later in time.
- (3) In any civil action implicated by this section, the department may file a notice of
 appearance and shall thereafter have the right to file and receive pleadings, intervene, and take
 other action permitted by law.
- (4) The department shall provide the recipient and the third party, if the recipient is without
 legal representation, notice of the amount of the purported subrogation lien within 30 days of

- 123 receipt of notice of the claim. The department shall provide related supplements in a timely
- 124 manner, but no later than 15 days after receipt of a request for same.
- 125 (d) Notice of settlement requirement. --
- 126 (1) A recipient or his or her representative shall notify the department of a settlement with
- 127 <u>a third party and retain in escrow an amount equal to the amount of the subrogation lien asserted</u>
- 128 by the department. The notification shall include the amount of the settlement being allocated for
- 129 past medical expenses paid for by the Medicaid program. Within 30 days of the receipt of any
- 130 such notice, the department shall notify the recipient of its consent or rejection of the proposed
- 131 allocation. If the department consents, the recipient or his or her legal representation shall issue
- 132 payment out of the settlement proceeds in a manner directed by the secretary or his or her
- 133 <u>designee within 30 days of consent to the proposed allocation.</u>
- 134 (2) If the total amount of the settlement is less than the department's subrogation lien, then 135 the settling parties shall obtain the department's consent to the settlement before finalizing the 136 settlement. The department shall advise the parties within 30 days and provide a detailed 137 itemization of all past medical expenses paid by the department on behalf of the recipient for 138 which the department seeks reimbursement out of the settlement proceeds.
- (3) If the department rejects the proposed allocation, the department shall seek a judicial
 determination within 30 days and provide a detailed itemization of all past medical expenses paid
 by the department on behalf of the recipient for which the department seeks reimbursement out
- 142 of the settlement proceeds.
- (A) If judicial determination becomes necessary, the trial court is required to hold an
 evidentiary hearing. The recipient and the department shall be provided ample notice of the same
 and be given just opportunity to present the necessary evidence, including fact witness and expert
 witness testimony, to establish the amount to which the department is entitled to be reimbursed
- 147 pursuant to this section.

- 148 (B) The department has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that
- 149 the allocation agreed to by the parties was improper. For purposes of appeal, the trial court's

150 decision should be set forth in a detailed order containing the requisite findings of fact and

- 151 <u>conclusions of law to support its rulings.</u>
- 152 (4) Any settlement by a recipient with one or more third parties which would otherwise fully
- 153 resolve the recipient's claim for an amount collectively not to exceed \$20,000 shall be exempt
- 154 <u>from the provisions of this section.</u>
- 155 (5) Nothing herein prevents a recipient from seeking judicial intervention to resolve any
- 156 <u>dispute as to allocation prior to effectuating a settlement with a third party.</u>
- 157 (e) Department failure to respond to notice of settlement. -- If the department fails to
- 158 appropriately respond to a notification of settlement, the amount to which the department is
- 159 <u>entitled to be paid from the settlement shall be limited to the amount of the settlement the recipient</u>
- 160 has allocated toward past medical expenses.
- 161 (f) Penalty for failure to notify the department. -- A legal representative acting on behalf of
- 162 <u>a recipient or third party that fails to comply with the provisions of this section is liable to the</u>
- 163 department for all reimbursement amounts the department would otherwise have been entitled to
- 164 <u>collect pursuant to this section but for the failure to comply. Under no circumstances may a pro</u>
- 165 <u>se recipient be penalized for failing to comply with the provisions of this section.</u>
- 166 (g) Miscellaneous provisions relating to trial. --
- 167 (1) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by a jury, the jury may not be
- 168 informed at any time as to the subrogation lien of the department.
- 169 (2) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by judge or jury, the trial judge shall,
- 170 or in the instance of a jury trial, require that the jury precisely identify the amount of the verdict
- 171 <u>awarded that represents past medical expenses.</u>
- 172 (3) Upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, the court shall direct that upon satisfaction
- 173 of the judgment any damages awarded for past medical expenses be withheld and paid directly

- to the department, not to exceed the amount of past medical expenses paid by the department
- 175 <u>on behalf of the recipient.</u>
- 176 (h) Attorneys' fees. -- Irrespective of whether an action or claim is terminated by judgment
- 177 or settlement without trial, from the amount required to be paid to the department there shall be
- 178 deducted the reasonable costs and attorneys' fees attributable to the amount in accordance with
- 179 and in proportion to the fee arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney of
- 180 record so that the department shall bear the pro-rata share of the reasonable costs and attorneys'
- 181 fees: *Provided*, That if there is no recovery, the department may under no circumstances be liable
- 182 for any costs or attorneys' fees expended in the matter.
- 183 (i) Class actions and multiple plaintiff actions not authorized. -- Nothing in this article
- 184 authorizes the department to institute a class action or multiple plaintiff action against any
- 185 manufacturer, distributor, or vendor of any product to recover medical care expenditures paid for
- 186 by the Medicaid program.
- 187 (i) Secretary's authority. -- The secretary or his or her designee may compromise, settle,
- 188 and execute a release of any claim relating to the department's right of subrogation, in whole or
- 189 <u>in part.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to transfer the operations of the West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program to the Bureau for Medical Services and delegate policymaking authority from the current board of directors to the program director.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.